

Data-driven, semantic- enriched, social-boosted Clinical Research and Healthcare

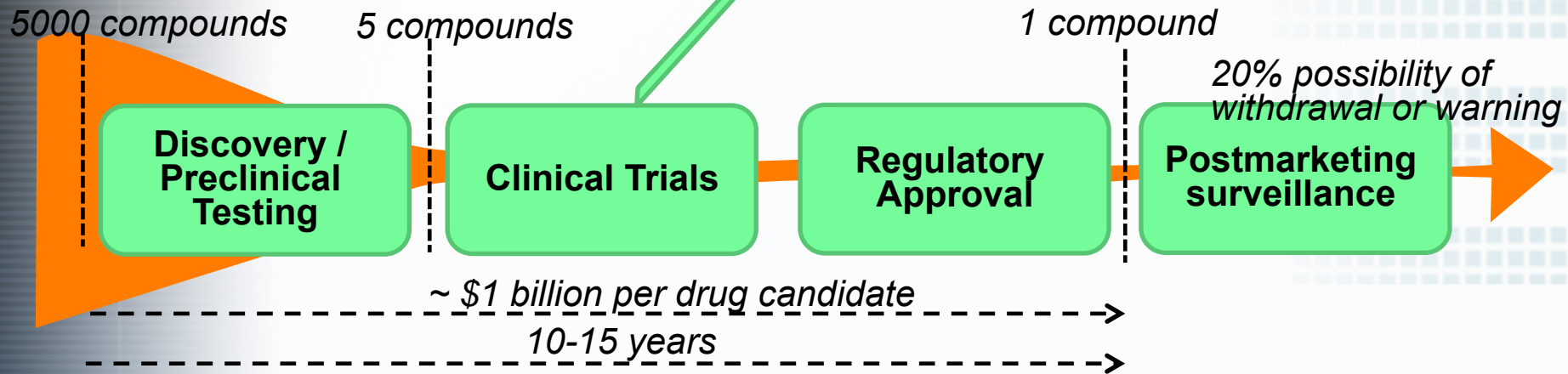
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PONTE Landscape

Patient Recruitment:

- 30% - 40% of clinical trial costs
- 60% - 80% of trials do not meet their temporal endpoint because of recruitment issues
- 30% of trial sites fail to recruit even a single participant
- only 15% of clinical trials conclude on schedule



- \$53 billion worth of drugs fell off patent in 2012
- \$44 billion sales at risk in 2015 due to patent expiration

Pharma focuses efforts on
**Drug Repositioning (40%
of R&D resources)**



PONTE in a nutshell

- PONTE aimed at providing a novel platform facilitating:
- the **generation** and **evaluation** of the **test of hypothesis** in the biomedical domain,
 - the **design** of a drug repositioning **clinical trial** and offering
 - **automatic pre-screening of potential study participants**

Towards this direction the platform exploits and extends *Semantic Web* technologies in order to offer *advanced decision support functionalities* to all the above aspects and to achievement *semantic interoperability* between clinical trials and healthcare patient records for patient recruitment purposes.



PONTE Interface

CTP Model | Save CTP | Save New CTP Version | Edit main CTP parameters | Edit cooperating hospitals | Exit | Logout

THIRST - T3 for AMI - Sun_May_12_11:29:03_CEST_2013

GoPonte THIRST - T3 for AMI | Done | Validate | Clear

Free text semantic search on literature and biomedical data sources

Customised and Predefined Queries to Online Data sources

Automatically generated suggestions of el. criteria

Inclusion Criteria

Demographics | Lifestyle | Gender Specific Condition | Medical Conditions | Interventions | Examination | Family History | Other | Suggestions

DEMG_Age :: 30 YEAR - 70 YEAR
DEMG_Sex :: Female, Male
DEMG_Race :: American Indian or Alaskan Native, Asian or Pacific Islander, Asian Pacific American, Black, Black (Non-Hispanic), Caucasian, Hispanic, Mutually Defined, Native American, Native Hawaiian, Not Applicable, Not Provided, Other Race or Ethnicity, Pacific Islander, Subcontinent Asian American, White (Non-Hispanic)

Add /Modify Criterion

Exclusion Criteria

Summary

Application of eligibility criteria on patient records for eligible population size estimation during trial design

EVALUATE

CTP Model

- 1. Study Synopsis
- 2. Trial objective and purpose
- 3. Introduction
 - 3.1 Background
 - 3.2 Drug Data
 - 3.3 Data from non-clinical studies
 - 3.4 Clinical Data
- 4. Trial design
 - 4.1 Statement of design
 - 4.2 Number of Subjects
 - 4.3 Sample size
 - 4.4 Randomization (and blinding)
 - 4.5 Study Duration
 - 4.6 Study Objectives
 - 4.7 Study Endpoints
 - 4.8 Trial Treatments
 - 4.9 Biological Specimen Collection
 - 4.10 Criteria for Discontinuation
- 5. Selection and withdrawal of subjects
 - 5.1,5.2 Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria
 - 5.3 Retention and Recruitment Strategy
 - 5.4 Assignment and Randomization Number
 - 5.5 Method of Blinding
 - 5.6 Emergency Unblinding
 - 5.7 Subject Withdrawal Criteria and Procedures
- 6. Treatment Regimens
- 7. Study Procedures and Assessments
- 8. Evaluation of Results
- 9. Assessment of Safety
- 10. Toxicity - Emergency Procedures
- 11. Statistics
- 12. Direct Access to sources data/documents



PONTE Data Infrastructure

- Linked Data (incl. DrugBank, Diseasome, LinkedCT, KEGG)
- PubMed and ClinicalTrials.gov
- The Web
- Patient Records at Healthcare

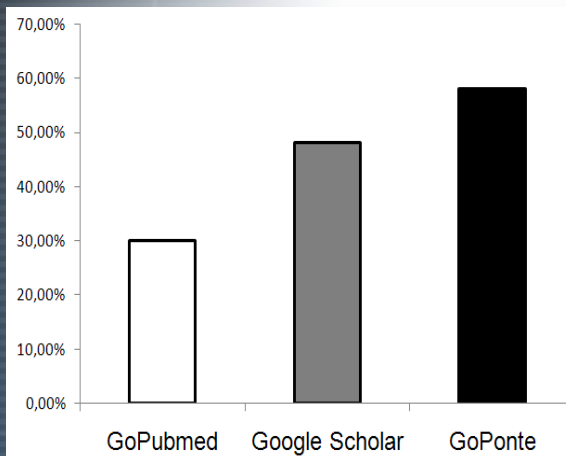
GoPONTE

- Is the PONTE semantic search engine
- Uses Yahoo Boss! Search API for fetching web results and the MeSH, GO and UniProt ontologies for enriching the query and for indexing and annotating the results
- It searches across abstracts, semi-structured documents, web pages.



PONTE results

- 5 new ontologies (incl. Eligibility Criteria, CTP, Hypothesis, Patient Record, Domain Ontologies)
- 40 services (incl. information retrieval, automatic generation of research questions and eligible population size)
- GoPONTE, a semantic search engine with on-the-fly results' annotation
- 1 integrated platform offering the PONTE services
- The **THIRST study** on Thyroid Hormone Replacement therapy in patients with ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction



Summary of the ratio of the relevant results retrieved compared to the full list of results retrieved

- **Zero effort** population estimation **during** trial design at the recruitment sites / Faster go/no-go decisions about sites
- Average *CTP preparation time in half* through direct literature linking, population size estimations and decision support
- Over **50%** of eligibility criteria of completed drug repositioning clinical trials were suggested by the platform
- More than **80%** of the CTP parameters were semantically linked with literature for direct semantic searches
- **84%** of eligibility criteria can be expressed through the EI. Criteria Ontology in a machine processable way



PONTE

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Chondrogiannis, T., Matskanis, N., Roumier, J., Andronikou, V., Massonet, Ph., (2011). Enabling semantic interlinking of medical data sources and EHRs for clinical research purposes, eChallenges e-2011 Conference.

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OpenScienceLink Landscape

No universal well-structured repositories of scientific and research data for experimentation and benchmarking of pertinent research works in a given thematic area

Poor linking of research with **data journals** and open access **datasets**

Waste on resources due to research duplication and limited access to data

Current **evaluation metrics and systems** do *not* fully reflect the actual **quality, novelty** and **impact** of the published work

The **dynamics** of the field, the research work and the researcher are *not* taken into consideration

Peer Review Processes remain **fragmented, lengthy, biased** and in several cases **weak** and **inefficient**

Reviewers are still equipped with only few tools and need to perform **time-consuming, incomplete** searches across **global literature**

Limited results of science in dealing with **great challenges**, such as poverty, climate change, unemployment, social exclusion, which aim at a healthy and productive population



The OpenScienceLink in a nutshell

OpenScienceLink exploits the open access trend and resources in the scientific world coupled with recent advances in the **social analytics** and **Semantic Web** for facilitating addressing the above problems, while also enabling a range of **new business models** for several stakeholders in the **scientific publishing** and **academic value chains**.



OpenScienceLink Output

- **One integrated platform** incorporating **Semantic Web** and **social analytics** technologies for the provision of **5 (five) pilot services**:
 - #1: Data journals** development based on the OpenScienceLink model for scientific datasets
 - #2: Novel open, semantically-assisted peer review process**
 - #3: Research Trends** Detection and Analysis
 - #4: Dynamic researchers' collaboration** based on non-declared, semantically-inferred relationships
 - #5: Scientific field-aware, productivity- and impact-oriented enhanced research evaluation services**



Current OpenScienceLink Results (1/2)

- **OpenScore:**
 - A new evaluation metric which uniquely incorporates scientific output aspects such as work volume, thematic breadth, career timeline and linking with scientific community
 - High correlation with existing evaluation metrics
- **Automatic Abbreviations expansion mechanism:**
 - It detects abbreviations along with their meaning regardless of whether their long form is provided in the document or not
 - 95% success rate in detection of true meaning of abbreviations in online biomedical documents
- **(ongoing) Trends detection:**
 - Temporal analysis of:
 - Social networks activity for detection of potentially new topics
 - Biomedical concepts across literature with particular focus on the ones of low but rising occurrence



Current OpenScienceLink Results (2/2)

- **Collaborations suggestion service:**

- Provision of recommendations which are relevant to the expert's topic/domain and are not part of his existing collaborations
- Correctness of implicitly identified relationships among researchers: $\geq 60\%$

- **Biomedical Data Journal:**

- An open access journal aiming to facilitate the presentation, validation, use, and re-use of datasets, with focus on publishing biomedical datasets that can serve as a source for simulation and computational modelling of diseases and biological processes
- Implements the OpenScienceLink model for datasets and allows the publisher to exploit the platform trends detection and analysis services
- Publisher: PROCON



OpenScienceLink

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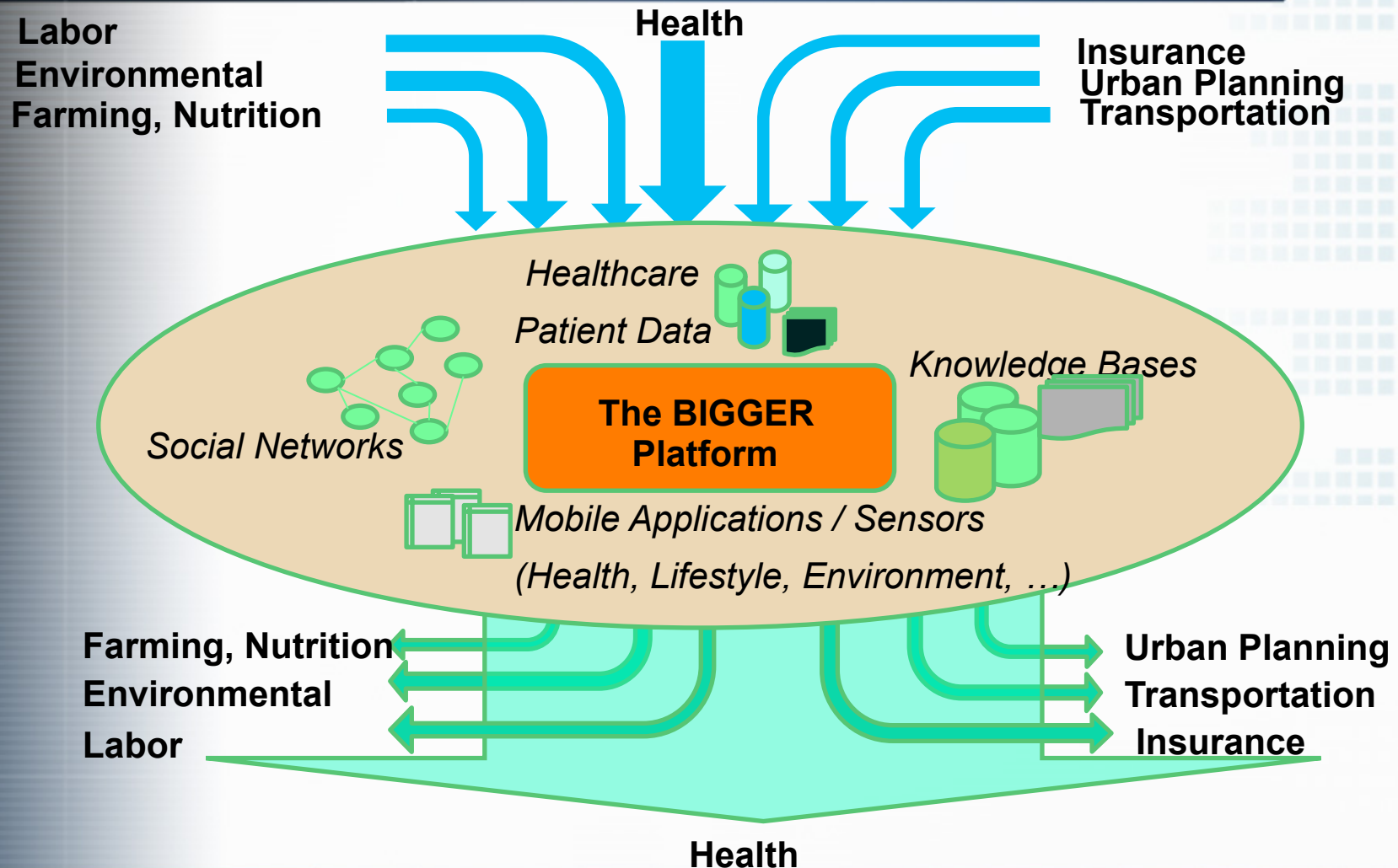
BIGGER: The main idea

BIGGER aims at exploiting big data technologies applied on a variety of heterogeneous, content- and context-variable data sources for assessing the following question:

How to **incorporate public health issues in policies across the public sector** (such as transportation, urban planning, labor, insurance, education) in order to allow for **prompt response** in cases of infectious **diseases outbreaks** and **robust, effective policy making** in cases of **non-communicable diseases**?

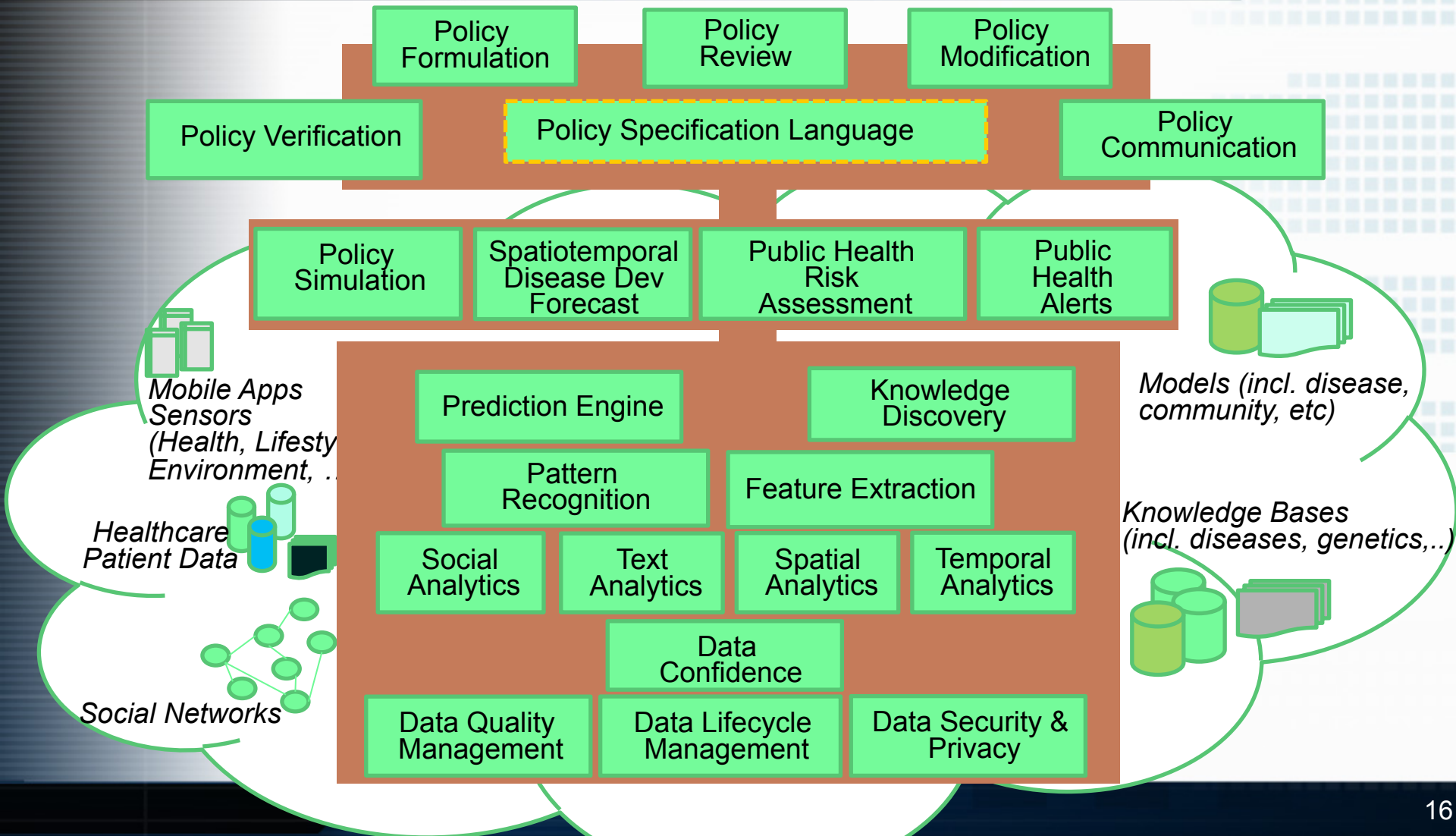


The BIGGER vision





The BIGGER platform





BIGGER Pilots

Pilot #1: Short term public health policy making requiring prompt response. Driven by the continuously increasing prevalence and incidence of communicable diseases due to rising numbers of immigrants and the financial crisis, this pilot will focus on *an infectious disease*, and more specifically early identification of its signs and their estimated spatio-temporal spreading.

Pilot #2: Long term public health-driven cross-sectorial policy making on CVD for disease and disease worsening prevention. As preventing cardiovascular disease is not only about better medical treatment, but also about improving access to healthier foods and creating environments that encourage physical activity, this pilot will focus on policy development for CVD prevention and stabilisation.



Potential Collaboration

- To use anonymised, annotated (with contextual information) health and lifestyle datasets (both already collected and real-time generated ones) collected by the applications as part of the BIGGER Data Infrastructure
- To improve content annotation in collected data for the latter to serve the BIGGER purposes
- To launch a new “study” in ResearchKit for supporting the Pilot #2
- To develop a DREAM Challenge for researchers to compete in offering public sector policy models on top of or supplementing the ones to be incorporated in the BIGGER platform